

AKEPOX[®] 5010, 5010 Gel Mix, 5010 Single Mix

Technical Data Sheet

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Properties:

AKEPOX[®] 5010 is a gel-like, solvent-free, two-component adhesive based on an epoxy resin containing a cycloaliphatic polyamine hardener. The product is characterized by the following properties:

- very neutral colour
- very low tendency to yellow
- easy dosing and mixing by use of cartridge system
- high creeping strength due to gel-like consistency
- very low shrinkage during the hardening process and therefore low tensions in the bonding layer
- weather-resistant bondings
- easy colouring with AKEPOX® Colouring Pastes or Colouring Concentrates
- good dimensional stability of the bonding layer
- low tendency to fatigue
- very good alkali-stability, thus the adhesive is very well suited to bond concrete
- excellently suited for bonding gas-impermeable materials as it is a solvent-free product
- suited for bonding load-bearing construction parts
- good adhesion on slightly humid stones
- suited for bonding materials which are sensitive to solvents (e.g. expanded polystyrene, ABS)

Application Area:

AKEPOX® 5010 is mainly used in the stone-working industry for the weather-resistant bonding and glueing of natural stone (marble, granite), Techno Ceramics as well as artificial stone or building materials (terrazzo, concrete). By means of the application of high-quality raw materials it was possible to develop a system which hardly yellows. It is thus possible to use it in combination with light-coloured or even white natural stone without the usual intensive yellowing of conventional epoxy-resin systems. Because of its supple, gel-like consistency the product has a high creeping strength on vertical surfaces. It is nevertheless possible to attain thin adhesive joints. Other materials can also be glued with AKEPOX® 5010, e.g. plastics (hard PVC, polyester, polystyrene, ABS, polycarbonates), paper, wood, glass and many other materials. AKEPOX® 5010 is not suitable for the gluing of polyolefins (polyethylene, polypropylene), silicones, hydrocarbon fluorides (Teflon), soft PVC, soft polyurethane, butyl rubber and metal.

Instructions for Use:

A. Products in cans

- 1. Thoroughly clean and slightly roughen surfaces to be bonded.
- 2. Thoroughly mix 2 parts (volume or weight) of component A with 1 part (volume or weight) of component B until a homogeneous shade of colour is achieved.
- 3. AKEPOX® Colouring Pastes or Colouring Concentrates can be added up to max. 5%.
- 4. The mixture remains workable for approx. 20 30 minutes (20°C). After approx. 6 8 hours (20°C) the bonded parts may be moved, After 12 16 hours (20°C) approx. they may be further processed. Maximal stability after 7 days (20°C).
- 5. Tools can be cleaned with AKEMI® Nitro-Dilution.
- 6. The hardening process is accelerated by heat and delayed by cold.

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B. Cartridge System

- 1. Thoroughly clean and slightly roughen surfaces to be bonded.
- 2. Remove the clasp from the cartridge and put the cartridge in the gun; work the grip until material emerges from both openings; then eventually screw up the mixing nozzle.
- 3. AKEPOX® Colouring Pastes or Colouring Concentrates can be added up to max. 5 %.
- 4. Both components must be thoroughly mixed when working without mixing nozzle.
- 5. The mixture remains workable for approx. 20 30 minutes (20°C). After approx. 6 8 hours (20°C) the bonded parts may be moved. After 12 16 hours (20°C) approx. they may be further processed. Maximal stability after 7 days (20°C).
- 6. Tools can be cleaned with AKEMI® Nitro-Dilution.
- 7. The hardening process is accelerated by heat and delayed by cold.

Special Notes:

- Only if the right mixing ratio is kept, optimal mechanical and chemical properties can be obtained. A surplus of adhesive or hardener has the effect of a softener and can cause discolouration in the marginal zone.
- Single Mix cartridges are not suitable for compressed-air guns or guns with mechanical pistons.
- Two separate spatulas should be used for the adhesive and the hardener.
- An adhesive is no longer to be used if it has already thickened or is jellying.
- The product is not to be used at temperatures below 10°C because it will not sufficiently harden.
- At constant temperatures above 50°C the hardened adhesive tends to yellowing.
- The hardened adhesive can no longer be removed by means of solvents. This can only be achieved mechanically or by applying higher temperatures (> 200°C).
- The A-component slightly tends to crystallize (honey effect). The product can be made workable again by warming it up.
- The stability of the bonding depends on the natural stone to be bonded: silicate-bound stone reacts better than carbonate-bound stone.

Technical Data:

1. Colour (A and B): transparent CC 2200

2. Density (A and B): approx. 1.16 g/cm³

3. Working time:

mixture of 100 g component A + 50 g of component B: at 20°C: 20 – 30 minutes at 30°C: 10 – 15 minutes at 40°C: 5 – 10 minutes

4. Mechanical properties:

Bending strength DIN EN ISO 178: 60 - 70 N/mm² Tensile strength DIN EN ISO 527: 30 - 40 N/mm²

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5. Chemical Resistance < 0.5 % Water absorption: stable Sodium Chloride Solution 10%: stable Salt water: stable Ammonium 10%: stable Soda lye 10%: stable

Hydrochloric acid 10%: conditionally stable Acetic acid 10%: conditionally stable

Formic acid 10%: stable
Petrol: stable
Diesel oil: stable

Lubricating oil:

6. Hardening process (Shore D hardness) of a 2 mm layer at 20°C:

<u>4h</u> <u>5h</u> <u>6h</u> <u>7h</u> <u>8h</u> <u>24h</u> <u>7d</u> -- 44 67 74 76 82 83

Storage: 2 years approx. under cool conditions in the firmly closed original

container.

Health & Safety: Read Safety Data Sheet before handling or using this product.

Important Notice: The above information is based on the latest stage of development and

application technology. Due to a multiplicity of different influencing factors, this information – as well as other oral or written technical advises – must be considered as non-binding hints. The user is obliged in each particular case to conduct performance tests, including but not limited to trails of the product, in an inconspicuous area or fabrication of

a sample piece.